

## Tween Bridge Solar Farm

Environmental Statement
Appendix 14.5: Construction Mitigation

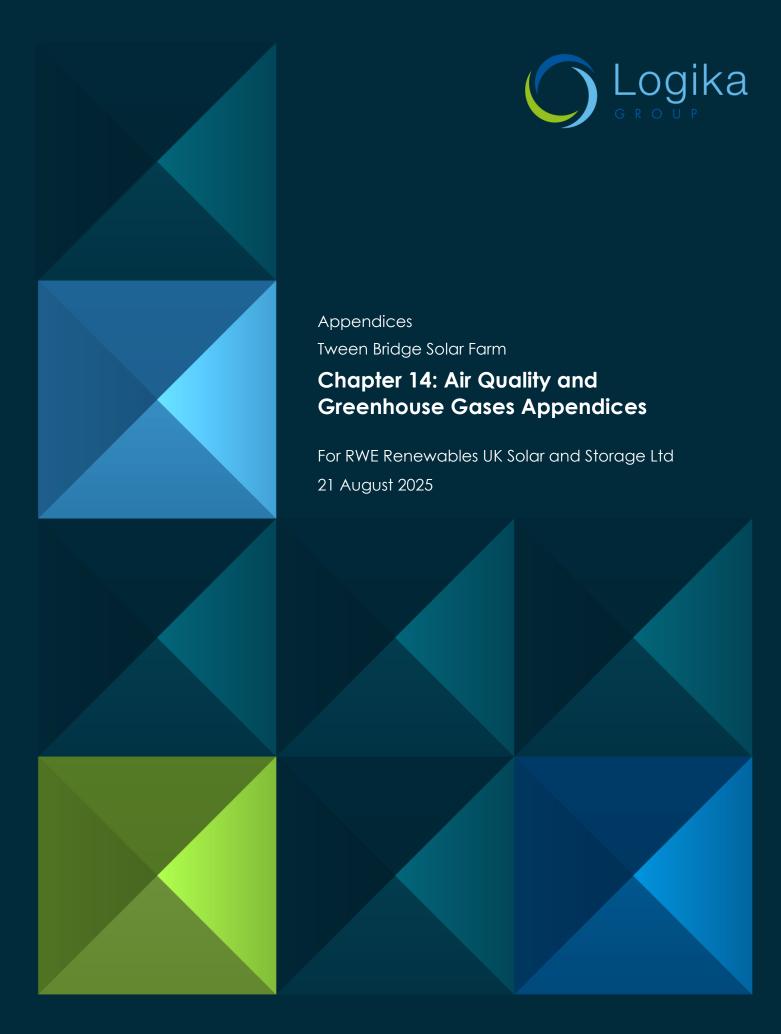
Planning Act 2008 Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009

APFP Regulation 5(2)(a)

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## 14.5 Construction Mitigation

14.5.1 Table 14.5.1 sets out a list of best-practice measures from the IAQM guidance<sup>24</sup> that should be incorporated into the specification for the works. These measures are included as part of the **Outline Construction Environmental Management Plan [Document Reference 7.1]**, secured by DCO requirement. Some of the measures may only be necessary during specific phases of work, or during activities with a high potential to produce dust, and the list should be refined and expanded upon in liaison with the construction contractor.

Table 14.5.1: Best-Practice Mitigation Measures Recommended for the Works

Measure	Desirable	Highly Recommended		
Communications				
Develop and implement a stakeholder communications plan that includes community engagement before and during work on site		<b>✓</b>		
Display the name and contact details of person(s) accountable for air quality and dust issues on the site boundary. This may be the environmental manager/engineer or the site manager		<b>✓</b>		
Display the head or regional office contact information		✓		
Dust Management Plan				
Develop and implement a Dust Management Plan (DMP) approved by the Local Authority which documents the mitigation measures to be applied, and the procedures for their implementation and management		<b>✓</b>		
Site Management				
Record all dust and air quality complaints, identify cause(s), take appropriate measures to reduce emissions in a timely manner, and record the measures taken		<b>√</b>		
Make the complaints log available to the local authority when asked		<b>√</b>		
Record any exceptional incidents that cause dust and/or air emissions, either on- or off- site, and the action taken to resolve the situation in the log book		<b>√</b>		
Hold regular liaison meetings with other high risk construction sites within 250m of the site boundary, to ensure plans are co-ordinated and dust and particulate matter emissions are minimised. It is important to understand the interactions of the off-site transport/deliveries which might be using the same strategic road network routes		<b>√</b>		
Monitoring				
Undertake daily on-site and off-site inspections where receptors (including roads) are nearby, to monitor dust. Record inspection results, and make the log available to		✓		



Measure	Desirable	Highly Recommended		
the Local Authority when asked. This should include regular dust soiling checks of surfaces such as street furniture, cars and window sills within 100m of the site boundary, with cleaning to be provided if necessary				
Carry out regular site inspections to monitor compliance with the DMP, record inspection results, and make an inspection log available to the Local Authority when asked		<b>√</b>		
Increase the frequency of site inspections by the person accountable for air quality and dust issues on site when activities with a high potential to produce dust are being carried out and during prolonged dry or windy conditions		✓		
Agree dust deposition, dust flux, or real-time PM <sub>10</sub> continuous monitoring locations with the Local Authority. Where possible commence baseline monitoring at least three months before work commences on site or, if it is a large site, before work on a phase commences. Further guidance is provided by IAQM on monitoring during demolition, earthworks and construction <sup>26</sup>		<b>✓</b>		
Preparing and Maintaining the Site				
Plan the site layout so that machinery and dust-causing activities are located away from receptors, as far as is possible		<b>√</b>		
Erect solid screens or barriers around dusty activities or the site boundary that are at least as high as any stockpiles on site		✓		
Fully enclose site or specific operations where there is a high potential for dust production and the site is active for an extensive period		<b>✓</b>		
Avoid site runoff of water or mud		✓		
Keep site fencing, barriers and scaffolding clean using wet methods		✓		
Remove materials that have a potential to produce dust from site as soon as possible, unless being re-used on site. If they are being re-used on-site cover as described below		<b>✓</b>		
Cover, seed, or fence stockpiles to prevent wind whipping		<b>√</b>		
Operating Vehicle/Machinery and Sustainable Travel				
Ensure all vehicles switch off their engines when stationary – no idling vehicles		<b>√</b>		

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> IAQM (2018), Guidance on Air Quality Monitoring in the Vicinity of Demolition and Construction Sites v1.1



Measure	Desirable	Highly Recommended
Avoid the use of diesel- or petrol-powered generators and use mains electricity or battery-powered equipment where practicable		<b>√</b>
Impose and signpost a maximum-speed-limit of 15 mph on surfaced and 10 mph on un-surfaced haul roads and work areas (if long haul routes are required these speeds may be increased with suitable additional control measures provided, subject to the approval of the nominated undertaker and with the agreement of the local authority, where appropriate)		<b>√</b>
Produce a Construction Logistics Plan to manage the sustainable delivery of goods and materials		✓
Implement a Travel Plan that supports and encourages sustainable staff travel (public transport, cycling, walking, and car-sharing)		<b>✓</b>
Operations		
Only use cutting, grinding or sawing equipment fitted or in conjunction with suitable dust suppression techniques such as water sprays or local extraction, e.g. suitable local exhaust ventilation systems		<b>✓</b>
Ensure an adequate water supply on the site for effective dust/particulate matter suppression/mitigation, using non-potable water where possible and appropriate		✓
Use enclosed chutes, conveyors and covered skips		✓
Minimise drop heights from conveyors, loading shovels, hoppers and other loading or handling equipment and use fine water sprays on such equipment wherever appropriate		✓
Ensure equipment is readily available on site to clean any dry spillages, and clean up spillages as soon as reasonably practicable after the event using wet cleaning methods		✓
Waste Management		
Avoid bonfires and burning of waste materials		✓
Measures Specific to Earthworks		
Re-vegetate earthworks and exposed areas/soil stockpiles to stabilise surfaces as soon as practicable		✓
Use Hessian, mulches or trackifiers where it is not possible to re-vegetate or cover with topsoil, as soon as practicable		✓
Only remove the cover from small areas during work, not all at once		✓
Measures Specific to Construction		



Measure	Desirable	Highly Recommended
Avoid scabbling (roughening of concrete surfaces), if possible		✓
Ensure sand and other aggregates are stored in bunded areas and are not allowed to dry out, unless this is required for a particular process, in which case ensure that appropriate additional control measures are in place		✓
Ensure bulk cement and other fine powder materials are delivered in enclosed tankers and stored in silos with suitable emission control systems to prevent escape of material and overfilling during delivery		<b>√</b>
For smaller supplies of fine powder materials ensure bags are sealed after use and stored appropriately to prevent dust	<b>✓</b>	
Measures Specific to Trackout		
Use water-assisted dust sweeper(s) on the access and local roads, to remove, as necessary, any material tracked out of the site. This may require the sweeper being continuously in use		✓
Avoid dry sweeping of large areas		✓
Ensure vehicles entering and leaving sites are covered to prevent escape of materials during transport		✓
Inspect on-site haul routes for integrity and instigate necessary repairs to the surface as soon as reasonably practicable		<b>√</b>
Record all inspections of haul routes and any subsequent action in a site log book		✓
Install hard surfaced haul routes, which are regularly damped down with fixed or mobile sprinkler systems or mobile water bowsers, and regularly cleaned		<b>√</b>
Implement a wheel washing system (with rumble grids to dislodge accumulated dust and mud prior to leaving the site where reasonably practicable)		✓
Ensure there is an adequate area of hard surfaced road between the wheel wash facility and the site exit, wherever site size and layout permits		<b>√</b>
Access gates should be located at least 10m from receptors, where possible		<b>√</b>

